

NEWSLETTER NOVIEWSIER 20119



Alumni Range Open 7 Days a Week!

Beginning November 15th, the Alumni Range will be open 7 days a week!



Join the Alumni Club Today!

The new hours will be as follows.

- * Monday Saturday 10:00 AM to 5:00 PM
- * Sunday 1:00 PM to 5:00 PM.

As always, the Alumni Range will be staffed with a certified firearms instructor to ensure safe use of the range as well as training assistance (as time permits).

The only requirement to take advantage of the Boondocks Alumni Shooting Club is that you must have taken a one-day BFTA training course (i.e. Basic Pistol MEP). Alumni shooters will also have the option to Join the Alumni Club and Pre-Pay for the entire year and have unlimited access 7 days a week (during normal range hours) at no additional cost.

Alumni Club Yearly Range Fees

Individual: \$240

Duration: 1 Year from date of purchase

Pre-Sale: \$200 (Valid for the remainder of 2019 - December 31, 2020.)

Family: \$360 - Each family member must have taken a one-day BFTA training course to be eligible. Eligible family members include members of your household

and dependent children.

Duration: 1 Year from date of purchase

Pre-Sale: \$300 (Vaild for the remainder of 2019 - December 31, 2020.)

Please note that the current daily Alumni Fee of \$20.00 will increase to \$30.00 in 2020, so be sure to take advantage of the Alumni Club and Pre-Sale Special!

Download Enrollment Form for Boondocks Alumni Shooting Club or enroll ONLINE.

The Alumni Range is available for handguns, rifles and shotguns with a maximum distance of 75 yards. Please check the Boondocks Calendar prior to coming to verify the Alumni Range hours for that day.



Join Today!

Boondocks FTA™ & USCCA Official Partners

In August the USCCA announced its 'Official Partner' Program at Inaugural NSSF Range-Retailer Business Exp. The goal of the Partner Program according to Tim

Schmidt, Founder and President of the USCCA, "is to welcome and prepare more responsibly armed Americans, which will ultimately help save lives and make our communities safer." In 2013 the USCCA launched an ambitious training program that continues to grow. Today the USCCA not only offers legal protection through its Self Defense Shield program, it also provides self-defense education and training with partners like Boondocks FTATM for responsibly armed Americans across the country. Visit our Pro Shop to learn more about the training, education and legal protection options available from Boondocks FTATM and USCCA!



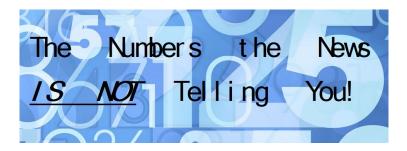
Sign up in our ProShop Today and get this Bonus Pack



Membership Benefits



Membership Options



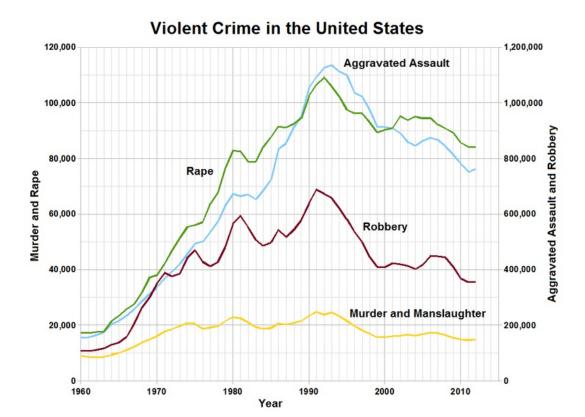
Numbers Don't Lie, but the News Media Might!

Each month we try to bring you the most relevant news stories

from the past 30 days. This month we decided to focus on what the news may not be telling you. If you spend any time watching or listening to local or national news or even if you get your news from social media outlets, you would think we have an "epidemic of gun violence" here in the United States, but is that really the truth? Let's explore the facts.

Homicide and Violent Crime

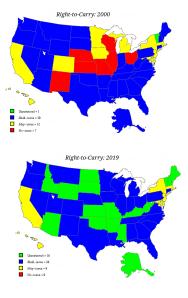
Recently the FBI released its Uniform Crime Report. In Table 8 it shows the total number of homicides in the United States for 2018 was 14,263. Of those, 10,265 deaths were caused by firearms. While this is higher when compared to 2014 and 2015, it is a drop from 2016 and 2017. The highest reported numbers were in 1993 when over 18,000 people were murdered with firearms. The facts are that Gun Homicide Rates are down 49% since 1993, and Violent Crimes are down by as much as 71% in the same time period.



Why the Drop?

There are a lot of theories on why violent crime and homicides began to fall in the mid to late 90's. A theory that doesn't get much air time on the news is the Right to Carry Movement. It began in Florida in 1987, and has since spread to every state in the union. In 1986, there were only 9 (1 Unrestricted and 8 Shall Issue) States where you had a "Right To Carry." In the other 41 states, there was no right to carry or the state was a "May Issue" state that had the right to refuse to give you a carry permit. By the year 2000, the number of Right To Carry states had more than tripled with 1 Unrestricted and 30 Shall Issue states. Today, there are 17 Unrestricted and 26 Shall Issue states, and every state has at least some form of Concealed Carry option with only 8 May Issue states remaining.





While the news media rarely publishes a "good guy with a gun" story, recently discovered unpublished reports from the Center For Disease Control show that "good guys" use guns to stop a violent crime (most of the time without ever having to pull the trigger) at least as much as guns are used in a criminal act and maybe MORE! In fact,

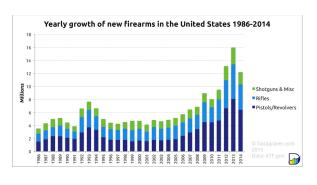
"Almost all national survey estimates indicate that defensive gun uses by victims are at least as common as offensive uses by criminals, with estimates of annual uses ranging from about 500,000 to more than 3 million."

That means guns are used to stop a violent attack or murder any where from 1,369 to 8,219 times per day in the United States.

Do More Guns Equal More Crime?

Another narrative spread by the news media and the anti gun groups is that more guns will equal more crime and without banning "Assault Rifles" our society will turn into the Wild Wild West. But is that true? Let's look at the numbers.

The Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms (ATF) estimates there were 11.5 million firearms produced in the United States in 2016, up 20% from 2015, and 4 times the number produced annually in 1986. In fact, since 1998, there have been over 300,000,000 FBI background checks for firearms purchases, which includes an estimated 1.3 million AR or AK style rifles sold each year. Additionally, there are now an estimated 18.6 million Concealed Carry Permit Holders, a 304% increase from 2007.



NICS Firearm Background Checks: Month/Year

November 30, 1998 - November 30, 2018

Year	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Totals
1958											21,196	871,644	892,840
1999	591,355	696,323	753,083	646,712	576,272	569,493	589,476	703,394	808,627	945,701	1,004,333	1,253,354	9,138,123
2000	639,972	707,070	736,543	617,689	538,648	550,561	542,520	682,501	782,087	845,886	898,598	1,000,962	8,543,037
2001	640,528	675,156	729,532	594,723	543,501	540,491	539,498	707,288	864,038	1,029,691	983,186	1,062,559	8,910,191
2002	665,803	694,668	714,665	627,745	569,247	518,351	535,594	693,139	724,123	849,281	887,647	974,059	8,454,322
2003	653,751	708,281	736,864	622,832	567,436	529,334	533,289	683,517	738,371	856,863	842,932	1,008,118	8,481,588
2004	695,000	723,654	738,298	642,589	542,456	546,847	561,773	666,598	740,260	865,741	890,754	1,073,701	8,687,671
2005	685,811	743,070	768,250	658,954	557,058	555,560	561,358	687,012	791,353	852,478	927,419	1,164,582	8,952,945
2006	775,518	820,679	845,219	700,373	626,270	616,097	631,156	833,070	919,487	970,030	1,045,194	1,253,840	10,036,933
2007	894,608	914,954	975,806	840,271	803,051	792,943	757,884	917,358	944,889	1,025,123	1,079,923	1,230,525	11,177,335
2068	942,556	1,021,130	1,040,863	940,961	886,183	819,891	891,224	956,872	973,003	1,183,279	1,529,635	1,523,426	12,709,023
2009	1,213,885	1,259,078	1,345,096	1,225,980	1,023,102	968,145	966,162	1,074,757	1,093,230	1,233,982	1,223,252	1,407,155	14,033,824
2010	1,119,229	1,243,211	1,300,100	1,233,761	1,016,876	1,005,876	1,069,792	1,089,374	1,145,798	1,368,184	1,296,223	1,521,192	14,409,616
2011	1,323,336	1,473,513	1,449,724	1,351,255	1,230,953	1,168,322	1,157,041	1,310,041	1,253,752	1,340,273	1,534,414	1,862,327	16,454,951
2012	1,377,301	1,749,903	1,727,881	1,427,343	1,316,226	1,302,660	1,300,704	1,526,206	1,459,363	1,614,032	2,006,919	2,783,765	19,592,303
2013	2,495,440	2,309,393	2,209,407	1,714,433	1,435,917	1,281,351	1,283,912	1,419,088	1,401,562	1,687,599	1,813,643	2,041,528	21,093,273
2014	1,660,355	2,086,863	2,488,842	1,742,946	1,485,259	1,382,975	1,402,228	1,546,497	1,456,032	1,603,469	1,803,397	2,309,684	20,968,547
2015	1,772,794	1,859,584	2,012,488	1,711,340	1,580,980	1,529,057	1,600,832	1,745,410	1,795,102	1,976,759	2,243,030	3,314,594	23,141,970
2016	2,545,802	2,613,074	2,523,265	2,145,865	1,870,000	2,131,485	2,197,169	1,853,815	1,992,219	2,333,539	2,561,281	2,771,159	27,538,673
2017	2,043,184	2,234,817	2,433,092	2,045,564	1,942,677	1,901,768	1,742,546	1,925,146	1,967,104	2,030,391	2,382,788	2,586,138	25,235,215
2018	2,030,530	2,333,193	2,767,699	2,223,213	2,002,992	1,935,691	1.835.318	2.073.296	1.956.681	2.086.895	2.393.043		23.638.551

To put these numbers in perspective, the current population of the U.S. is estimated at 327 million, and there are about 4 million babies born each year. That means there are literally more guns in the United States than their are people and there are 3-4 times more firearms produced than babies born here each year. And what about those AR15 and AK47s? According to Business Insider, "The Ford Motor company which produces the F-Series pickup has been America's best selling truck for 41 consecutive years. Since 1977, Ford has sold more than 26 million F-Series trucks in the U.S. In the 21st century, Ford sells a pickup for every single minute of the day." With an estimated 20 million AR or AK style rifles sold since the ban was lifted in 2004, there are likely more AR15s and AK47s in American homes than there are F150s in American driveways.

We Are The Gun Lobby

As a gun owner, we have the numbers on our side. For the past 30 years, the right to carry a firearm on you has expanded to all 50 states, the number of permit holders have soared, and there is an estimated 100 million gun owners in the United States. Firearm manufacturers continue to develop and produce more firearms than any time in our history. In the 21 years since the FBI started tracking background checks on gun sales, there have been more guns sold in the United States than there are people, and more AR15 and AK47 style semi-automatic rifles sold than Ford trucks. Additionally, firearms are used thousands of times a day by law abiding citizens to prevent a violent crime. Maybe that is why homicides are down by about half, and violent crime is down by 70% since 1993. So are the media and anti-gun groups lying about a gun violence epidemic? They certainly ARE NOT telling the entire story, because all of this information is available from a quick online search from government agencies such as ATF, FBI and the CDE. If the media won't tell this story, then WE have to. The next time you encounter a relative or friend that insists we need more gun control laws, simply state these facts. Our

friend, Tom Gresham with Gun Talk Radio says, "A lie unchallenged becomes the truth". If we want to protect the 2nd Amendment and preserve our Right To Carry, we are going to have to Become the Gun Lobby by informing our friends and family and by getting involved! It is up to you to spread the truth.





The Importance of Continuing Education!

Since I took my first class at Boondocks in January 2016, I have made a commitment to continue learning. Since then I have taken every handgun course BoondocksFTATM offers. I've also taken several guest instructor classes offered at Boondocks. The most recent of which was Brian Hill's Pistol Essentials & Beyond.

What set Brian Hill's class apart from other classes is that no matter what your level of experience, you were encouraged to improve your skillset. Not once did I feel overwhelmed or in "over my head". Brian took his time and worked with each and every student – first by observing the student, then by suggesting how that particular student could improve or obtain their goal for the class.

Both days started out by breaking down every step of drawing and shooting from concealment into separate exercises. We repeated these steps (draw, grip, sight picture, trigger pull and follow-through) over and over again as warm-up exercises. Brian also used timed drills throughout the weekend to not only challenge us but to help gauge our improvement.

Since I've taken Brian's class, I've adopted these warm-up drills into my daily (well almost daily) dry-fire practice. I've surprised myself by how much this smooth and deliberate dry-fire practice has helped me. During my last Gosh Dang Good Ladies Only Steel Challenge my overall time improved by 25%. That's more than enough

proof to indicate small changes and a little practice can make a huge difference and that anyone can become better prepared and more confident by continuing education and training.

Jan Allinder





"See More"

In a recent class I took with Brian Hill with The Complete Combatant, this was the term that he used to help us "focus" and help build speed and accuracy. Other instructors have stated similar phrases like "focus on your front sight", "slow down" or "only shoot as fast as you can see your sights". While, those terms are perfectly adequate and used a good bit in the training world, the term "See More" took on a much deeper meaning, at least for me.

One of the goals in Brian's class was to help improve your speed and accuracy and he uses a couple of timed drills to measure improvement over the course of the weekend. For example, time to first shot, shot split times, and a timed failure drill, etc. There a couple of ways to increase speed such as reducing unnecessary motions and trying to pick up the front sight with your dominant eye while prepping the trigger on extension. Combining these techniques will allow you to get the gun out of the holster quicker and allow you to take the first shot the instant your firearms gets to full extension. While it sounds simple, trying to put all these things together in a split second can be challenging, especially if there are subconscious motions that are hindering your ability to efficiently meld all these tactics together.

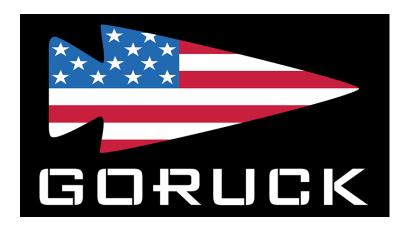
Brian has a unique way to help diagnose small inefficiencies and help students, or at least me, "See More." One of the first things he noticed is that when the shot timer went off, I immediately crouched lower while drawing my firearm from the holster. He encouraged me to change my preparatory index (the position I started from when the timer when off) to the position I naturally crouched too. While it felt uncomfortable, I noticed that I was able to see my front sight much quicker. That small change reduced the need for me to try to find my front sight while my body was moving down (crouching), and my arms were moving up during extension.

The second eye opening revelation came during a discussion of hard focus on the front sight, especially and extended ranges. As I approach 50, my eyesight isn't as keen as it used to be and out past 10 yards, the front sight starts to get fuzzy. The issue is that my eyes are unable to quickly transition from a far sight focus (say a target at 15 yards) to a near sight focus, the front site of my pistol. So while at the 15 yard line, as I am standing there looking at the target, my eyes adjust to that particular distance and as I draw my pistol and switch to focusing on my front sight, my eyes are not able to adjust quick enough.

The results were undeniable. On day one, my time to first shot was about 1.5 -1.7 seconds from concealment. With a few changes on my draw-stroke and preparatory index I was able to get my time to first shot down below 1 second and by day 2 was consistently putting 2 shots on target quicker than a single shot on target prior to the class.

Chad J. Winkler





Rucking!

RUCK•ING [VERB] Carrying a weighted pack on your back. It implies action,

energy, and purpose. RUCKING IS THE FOUNDATION OF SPECIAL FORCES TRAINING.

Next month Boondocks FTA™ will host our first GoRuck Firearms Training course. GoRuck will be here December 14-15 and offers several course options including:

Active

Shooter

Intervention

_

а

unique

course

for

shooters

of

all

skill

levels

who

want

scenario-

based

training.

Our

Cadre

will

begin

by

reinforcing

the

fundamentals

of

safely

operating

а

semi-

automatic

pistol

-

stance,

grip,

sight

picture,

sight

alignment,

and

trigger

squeeze

-

and

demonstrate each course of fire prior to each drill. ΑII of the firing drills are based on real world scenarios and designed to fire at various distances, various positions, and single shot or rapidfire engagement. You will learn basic counterterror strategies that will better equip you to react to

physically

active shooter situations. ■ Night Fire Advanced Pistol _ will teach you how to be as effective and confident in shooting at night as in daylight. Our Cadre will instruct you

> on the tactics and

of night shooting

in order to bring you to a level of

shooting where you

techniques

are more comfortable and confident with your firearm in а lowlight or nolight situation. You will learn lowlight/nolight strategies that will better equip you to react to an overt act of violence, along with basic movement and search techniques at night. All firing drills are based on

real

scenarios and designed to fire at various distances, various positions, and singleshot or rapidfire engagement. ■ Counter Ambush Response-Advanced Pistol а dynamic course that combines vehicles and handguns. Our Cadre will review basic firearms handling, safety, and vehicle considerations prior to scenariobased training. ΑII

> scenarios revolve

world

around shooting from inside, outside, or around vehicles. Driver/passenger reaction drills, fighting from inside/outside the vehicle, and countering streetside threats (carjacking) are а few of the scenariobased drills you will perform during this course. You will engage multiple threats and manipulate your weapon while effectively getting shots on

target.

The classes run \$275.00 each and are taught by current or former Special Forces instructors. You can learn more about each class from the Events Page on the GoRuck Website.





Springfield Hellcat

On September 25, 2019, Springfield Armory unveiled their new Hellcat 9mm Micro Pistol. The well kept secret was in development for 2 1/2 years, and immediately bumped the Sig P365 from the High Capacity Micro Pistol throne. The Hellcat is essentially the exact same size as the P365, but it ships with a 11 round flush and a 13 round extended magazine which tops the P365 and P365XL options from Sig Sauer. The Hellcat is also a departure from the traditional XD and XDM line of pistols. Gone is the Backstrap Safety and the overly aggressive grip texture of the XDM and the "Grip Zone" texture found on the XD Mod 2. The Hellcat comes with a U-DotTM Tritium/Luminescent Front and Tactical Rack Rear sight, but there is also an Optical Sight Pistol (OSP) option for those wishing to easily add a Red Dot on your carry gun. The Sig P365 was a game changer when it was released last year and is a great pistol, but the Hellcat has literally and figuratively "one up'ed" it. If your in the market for a high capacity Micro 9mm you now have two very good choices!





The Timeless Caliber Debate

For as long as hunters have gathered around a campfire swapping tall tales of past hunts, there has been a debate on which caliber is best for deer hunting. Hunters will argue till the last embers burn out on the effectiveness of .30-06 Springfield over the .270 Winchester or the .308 Winchester over the 7mm-08 Remington. While each hunter has their own reason for their personal favorite, the truth is there are only a handful of "Rifle Cartridge Families" designed for medium and big game animals. For example both the the .30-06 and the .270 are the same cartridge family, and there are very little ballistic difference between the two. Likewise the .308 and the 7mm-08 are siblings and with similar weight bullets, ballistic difference evaporate. I encourage you to use the link above and read about the cartridge families outlined by Chuck Hawks, but for this debate we will focus on the three most popular.

The .30-06 Family

The .30-06 Springfield launched in 1906 and was originally developed as a military round. It didn't take long before hand-loaders started creating wildcat rounds by either necking the round up or down. Some of the wildcats became so popular that they were picked up by companies like Remington and Winchester. Today popular siblings of the .30-06 include;

- * .25-06 Remington
- * .270 Winchester
- * .280 Remington
- * .35 Whelen

375 H&H Family

A few years after the .30-06 was released, Holland and Holland introduced the .375 H&H. Some popular wildcats include;

- *.300 H&H Magnum
- * .300 Weatherby Magnum
- * .340 Weatherby Magnum
- * .375 Weatherby Magnum
- * .416 Remington Magnum

With the increasing popularity of the .30-06 some companies took the .375 H&H and shortened the case to the overall length of the .30-06 and a whole new breed of very popular magnum rounds were born including;

- * .257 Weatherby Magnum
- * .264 Winchester Magnum
- * .270 Weatherby Magnum
- * 7mm Remington Magnum
- * 7mm Weatherby Magnum
- * .300 Winchester Magnum
- * .338 Winchester Magnum

The .308 Family

The .308 was originally developed in 1954 by the military to replace the .30-06. It's goal was to replicate the performance of the .30-06 but in a smaller lighter case which could be shot out of smaller lighter rifles. The adventure was a huge success. The .308 is not only smaller and lighter than the .30-06 it also has a shorter bolt throw, less recoil and is generally more accurate, and it only gives up about 100 feet per second (FPS) in velocity to the .30-06. The .308 family includes;

- * .243 Winchester
- * .260 Remington
- * 7mm-08 Remington
- * .308 Winchester
- * .338 Federal
- * .358 Winchester

Splitting Hairs

Hornady currently loads a 150 grain bullet for the .30-06, .270 Winchester, .308 Winchester and 7mm-08 Remington. The velocities of these rounds range from 2,770 to 2,910 FPS, a difference of only 140 FPS. Atmospheric conditions, barrel length and shot to shot variances on factory loaded ammo makes this difference virtually irrelevant. So, hunters are literally arguing over .031 or 3 one-hundredths of an inch difference at the base of the bullet between the .270 and 30-06 or .308 and .024 inches between the 7mm-08 Rem and the .30-06 or .308. However, there are some valid debates to be had. The debate really starts to make sense when you compare the wide range of bullet weights loaded in each cartridge. While all of the above cartridges have starting bullet weights at 120-125 grains, the .308 and .30-06 offer bullet weights up to 220 grains which makes better suited for dangerous game. But for the average deer hunter, debating the effectiveness of a 139 grain 7mm-08 and a 150 grain .308 or a 140 grain .270 and a 150 grain .30-06 is really just splitting hairs! If you are able to accurately place your shot, the deer will be just as dead no matter what cartridge you choose. So the next time you cozy up to the campfire with your hunting buddies and the caliber debate heats up again,

